CITY OF BEAVERTON



Photo Red Light Report to the Legislature Process and Outcome Evaluation

February 2021

Photo Red Light Enforcement Project Evaluation

City of Beaverton February 2021

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I. Background - Legislative Report Requirements

Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 810.434 requires cities using photo red light equipment to provide a public information campaign to inform local drivers about the use of cameras before citations are issued and to produce a report to the legislature once each biennium. The law reads as follows:

- (3) A city that chooses to operate a camera shall:
- (a) Provide a public information campaign to inform local drivers about the use of cameras before citations are actually issued; and
- (b) Once each biennium, conduct a process and outcome evaluation for the purposes of subsection (4) of this section that includes:
 - (A) The effect of the use of cameras on traffic safety;
 - (B) The degree of public acceptance of the use of cameras; and
 - (C) The process of administration of the use of cameras.
- (4) By March 1 of each odd-numbered year, each city that operates a camera under this section shall present to the Legislative Assembly the process and outcome evaluation conducted by the city under subsection (3) of this section. [1999 c.851 §1; 1999 c.1051 §327; 2001 c.474 §1; subsection (5) of 2001 Edition enacted as 2001 c.474 §3; 2003 c.14 §491; 2003 c.339 §1; 2005 c.686 §1; 2007 c.640 §1; 2011 c.545 §65; 2017 c.288 §3]

II. Public Information Campaign

ORS 810.434 (3)(a)

The City of Beaverton is the first city in the state of Oregon to use photo red light technology. While the technology was installed in January 2001, the program really credits its roots back to citizen efforts in the late 1990s. The City of Beaverton initiated an aggressive Red Light Running Campaign in December 1998. The purpose of the campaign was to educate Beaverton residents about the dangers of red light running. The campaign received a grant funded by the Federal Highway Administration, in conjunction with the Chrysler Corporation, and administered by the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) for \$124,003, with the City of Beaverton contributing an additional \$20,107 in fiscal year 1999.

In addition to the public safety campaign, the City of Beaverton targeted specific public information materials to warn drivers that cameras would be used to enforce red light violations prior to the installation of cameras. The City mailed informational post cards to every household in Beaverton. The post cards gave specific details about the upcoming installation of red light camera equipment including: program description, criteria for receiving a citation, signal timing information, fine amounts, and ticket processing information. Beaverton also published articles in its *Your City* newsletter, mailed to every Beaverton household, prior to the installation of camera equipment. The City's elected officials and chief of staff participated in numerous media interviews to help spread the word to the community that red light cameras were coming to Beaverton. Below is a detailed list of actions taken to conduct a public information campaign about the use of red light cameras prior to issuing citations.

City of Beaverton Public Information Campaign Actions Prior to Issuing Red Light Citations

- Public Service Announcements
- Post Cards / Direct Mail
- Hand Outs at Public Events
- Street Signs

- Radio Messages
- Your City Newsletter
- Media Interviews
- Public Information Phone Line

In 2018, prior to beginning the speed enforcement at intersections, the City conducted a new community notification campaign. On September 12th 2018, BPD issued a press release detailing intersection speed enforcement on our Facebook, Twitter, Nextdoor, city website and Flash Alert. BPD spoke to, and did interviews with, every major news station in our area to include radio. Each

news station was provided a "press packet" which included safety data, technology data, roll out times and more.

Our Facebook post alone reached 29,199 people with over 7000 engagements on that post. BPD's Public Information Officer was able to reach out to people with questions and was able to direct information regarding the technology and validity of the process.

We contracted with an outside public relations firm, who with the city's branding team, developed a trifold brochure which is available in the lobby of the Beaverton Police Department for reference about the program. These brochures can also be taken to Neighborhood Association meetings and given to the public.

On January 11th 2019, we posted a follow up release on our Facebook, Twitter and Nextdoor platforms.

The City of Beaverton's public information campaign efforts were enormously successful. During our most recent polling, 90% of Beaverton Residents were Aware of the City's Red Light Campaign, according to a citizen survey.

III. Effect of the Use of Cameras on Traffic Safety

ORS 810.434 (3)(b)(A)

A. Reductions in Red Light Running Violations

Beaverton has analyzed the red light violation data from each of the photoenforced intersections. *The analysis shows that the City's photo red light intersections have realized a 36% reduction in red light running violations*, comparing the first year of the program (2001) to the following years (2002-2010). The overall effect of the program has been a dramatic reduction in the number of red light signal violations. This is a tremendous success for Beaverton – and goes a long way to remind drivers "Red Means Stop" in Beaverton.

Addition of Right Turn on Red Enforcement

In November 2010, Beaverton City Council approved the Traffic Safety Proposal, which included the enforcement of Right Turn on Red violations. The goal of the Traffic Safety Proposal is to improve traffic safety through enforcement and education, two of the three E's to keeping a community safe. Benefits to enforcing right turn on red violations are pedestrian and bicycle safety.

Right turn on red enforcement began in January 1, 2011 with a 31 day warning period. During the January warning period, 362 warning letters were sent. Effective February 1, 2011, citations were issued for right turn on red violations.

It is typical to see an increase in the number of violations during the initial implementation of red light enforcement, but the numbers are expected to decrease over time as drivers become aware of the right turn on red enforcement and are reminded that "Red Means Stop" in Beaverton.

Red Light Running Violations at Beaverton Photo Red Light Intersections

	2013	2014*	2015*	2016*	2017	2018	2019	2020
Red Light Violations	12,870	10,600	14,558	15,239	14,868	12,773	11,907	11,426

- *2012 Increase in Violations In 2011 it was discovered that one red light intersection did not have detection loops to enforce the right turn on red violations, this was corrected in July 2012.
- *2014 Decrease in Violations In 2014 a decrease in violations is due to equipment down time from storm damage and a separate third party software glitch.
- *2015-2016 Increase in Violations There has been an increase in traffic volume and vehicles monitored.
- *2018 Decrease in Violations Equipment was upgraded and changed vendors in July 2018.
- *2019/2020 Decrease in Violations After initiating to intersection speed enforcement program in late 2018, red light running violations at the photo enforced intersections have been decreasing. This may be as a result of a number of drivers modifying their driving behavior by approaching these intersections slower. We are continuing to monitor these statistics.

On average, red light running violations have decreased since right turn on red enforcement began.

Overall Reductions in Red Light Running Violations at Beaverton Photo Red Light Intersections

	Average of	Average of	Average Change
	2013-2018	2019-2020	in Violations
Red Light Violations	13,485	11,666	-13.5%

B. Reductions in Red Light Running Crashes and Injuries

The City of Beaverton has achieved positive results from the photo red light program. *Injury crashes at Beaverton photo red light intersections have decreased 41%*, comparing the first year of the program (2001) to the following years (2001 – 2010). Overall crashes at photo red light intersections have Beaverton Photo Red Light Enforcement Evaluation – February 2021

recently remained constant, but more importantly the severity of these crashes has been significantly reduced.

For clarification analysis of the crash data showed that the data used from 2001 - 2010 appears to have included all crashes where the location was coded to the intersection and included crashes where red light running was not a contributing factor. The 2011 - 2020 data only includes crashes that occurred in the intersection and where red light running was a determined to be a contributing factor.

Crashes (C) and Injury Crashes (I) at Beaverton Photo Red Light Intersections – 2011 through 2020

Red Light Intersection	Cedar Hills/ Walker		SR 10/ Griffith		Allen/ Lombard		Scholl's/ Hall	
	C	I	C	I	C	I	C	I
2011	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
2012	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
2013	4	0	0	0	1	1	8	0
2014	2	0	0	0	1	1	8	0
2015	1	1	0	0	1	0	5	0
2016	1	1	2	0	2	0	0	1
2017	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
2018	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
2019	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Overall crashes have decreased and the number of injury crashes have continued to decrease showing consistent evidence that the severity of crashes at these intersections is reduced.

For a further comparison, traffic crashes in Beaverton have continually increased at a rate higher than the metro area population growth since 2011. Crashes at red light cameras intersections have remained steady. Furthermore, the percentage of overall crashes at photo red light intersections related to red light running is a very small percentage of the crashes at these intersections and has been going down for six straight years.

Year	Total	%	Metro	Crashes at	% of total	% of
	Beaverton	increase	Area	Red light	Beaverton	crashes
	Crashes		population	Camera	Crashes	related to
			growth	Intersections		red light
			estimate			running
2011	3105		1.47%	71	2.28%	4.2%
2012	3261	5.02%	1.51%	82	2.51%	4.8%
2013	3349	2.69%	1.01%	111	3.31%	12.6%
2014	3442	2.77%	1.75%	108	3.13%	11.1%
2015	3767	9.44%	1.93%	91	2.41%	8.7%
2016	3855	2.33%	1.55%	102	2.64%	6.8%
2017	3901	1.19%	.98%	88	2.25%	5.6%
2018	4140	6.12%	1.59%	106	2.56%	4.7%
2019	3870	-6.6%	1.09%	77	1.98%	1.2%
2020	2474	-36.1%	1.13%	54	2.18%	1.8%

*In the last two years there has been a steep reduction in Beaverton traffic crashes and another steep decline in crashes at Red Light Intersections related to red light running violations. Although part of the total number of reductions in crashes in 2020 may be attributed to the decrease in traffic due to the pandemic, the percentage of crashes at red light intersections remains low and may be attributed to peoples driving behavior changing due to the intersection speed enforcement.

C. Residence of Beaverton Red Light Runners

The majority of red light runners at Beaverton photo enforced intersections do not live in Beaverton. The City has tracked this number over the years and it remains consistent. On Average, 72% of red light runners at Beaverton's photo enforced intersections do not live in Beaverton. During the 2019/2020 period, 70% of the red light running citations were to non-Beaverton residents. As previously reported, the city faces continual challenges of modifying driving behavior when such a high percentage of red light violators do not live in Beaverton. The city attributes gradual increases in violations to the fact that so many drivers are traveling though the city and do not reside in Beaverton.

IV. Degree of Public Acceptance of the Use of Cameras

ORS 810.434 (3)(b)(B)

The City of Beaverton has conducted several different public opinion surveys over the years. The results have been very consistent and demonstrate that Beaverton residents strongly favor the use of cameras for red light enforcement.

During this biennium, we conducted our survey via an online platform due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Survey Results

When asked "Are you aware of the City's photo red light enforcement program?" the majority of Beaverton residents surveyed said yes.

November 2011 (442 responses)	97%
November 2012 (666 responses)	94%
November 2014 (894 responses)	89%
November 2016 (1,011 responses)	89%
November 2018 (918 responses)	94%
January 2021 (71 Responses)	90%

In 2021 50% of the Beaverton residents surveyed said it was their opinion that photo red light enforcement worked fairly well or very well and about 35% surveyed said photo enforcement improved their driving behavior. Less than 20% of those surveyed do not believe photo red light enforcement is effective.

The opportunity for public comment is available via the city website, city council meetings, police traffic hotline phone number and directly to the photo enforcement program coordinator. Feedback remains mostly positive.

V. Process of Administration of the Use of Cameras

 $ORS\ 810.434\ (3)(b)(C)$

The administrative process for the use of photo red light cameras encompasses many components. The steps for issuing a citation consist of: violation detection, violation processing, quality control checks, review and approval by a police officer, and finally citation creation and mailing. Intertwined in these steps are the city's compliance with legislative requirements dictated in ORS 810.434 and 810.436. After citations are issued they fall under the jurisdiction of Beaverton's Municipal Court.

A. Violation Detection

The City of Beaverton uses automated enforcement systems to issue citations for red light running violations. The red light camera system is connected to the traffic signal and the camera is only activated when the driver enters the intersection AFTER the light has turned red. The only drivers photographed are those who run the red light.

Each violator receives four photographs in the mail. The first photograph shows the vehicle before the crosswalk and clearly shows the red light. The second picture is a close up of the driver's face to confirm who was driving the vehicle. The third photograph is a close up of the vehicle's license plate. The final photograph shows the vehicle exiting the intersection.

B. Violation Processing

Once a red light running violation has been detected the city's vendor uses encryption technology to safeguard the images against alteration. A search is performed with the Oregon Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) to determine the registered owner of the vehicle. The vendor also performs a quality control review of each violation. There are several common reasons for why a potential violation is rejected.

Common Reasons for Not Issuing Citations

- Emergency vehicle with flashing lights
- Driver's gender does not match registered owner
- Driver is unidentifiable
- Can't identify or read license plate
- Wrong or No DMV info available
- Driver or plate obstruction
- Sun glare
- Equipment Issue
- Photograph alignment
- Funeral procession

Photo red light citations are issued following a multi-step process that ensures the digital photographs; violation data and owner information are accurate. If any of the evidence and information does not meet stringent quality control standards, citations are not issued.

A Beaverton police officer reviews each violation, after it has been through the quality control process, and determines whether or not a citation should be issued. After the police officer affirms the citation, their electronic signature is printed on the citation. The City's vendor then prints and mails the citations to the registered owner. The defendant receives a copy of the citation in the mail, along with the four photographs of the violation incident, an explanation letter, the advice of rights information normally found on the back of traffic citations, and a Certificate of Innocence form or Certificate of Non-Liability form (to complete if they were not the driver of the vehicle at the time of the violation).

An important component of Oregon's photo red light statute is that the citation is issued to the *registered owner* of the vehicle. The registration information is determined though the DMV's records. Oregon law requires drivers to maintain their updated address information with the DMV. The presumption in Oregon on photo red light citations, as with parking tickets, is that the registered owner of the vehicle is the driver at the time of the violation. The onus is on the registered owner to provide evidence if they were not the driver at the time of

the violation, through the process of completing a Certificate of Innocence or Certificate of Non-Liability form.

C. Municipal Court Processing of Photo Red Light Citations

The City of Beaverton has the first paperless Municipal Court in the nation. This accomplishment has streamlined the City's citation processing and increased the court's overall efficiency. A violator receiving a photo red light citation has all of the same rights and options as anyone with a traffic violation issued from an officer stop, with the inclusion of the Certificate of Innocence/Certificate of Non-Liability form. If the registered owner of the violating vehicle completes the form, along with providing the court with a photo copy of their driver's license, the citation against the registered owner will be dismissed.

A plurality of people who receive photo red light citations plead no contest and are convicted. Less than one fifth of the violations resulted in a dismissal due to the completion of a Certificate of Innocence/Non-Liability form. The following chart highlights the outcomes of photo red light citations issued in Beaverton since the inception of the program.

Outcomes of Regyerton Photo Red Light Citations Issued for Years 2011-2020

Outcome of Citation	Number 2011-2018	Percent of Total	Number 2019- 2020	Percent of Total
Convicted	51,097	62.6%	5264	46.2%
Dismissed – Certificate of Innocence	15,809	19.4%	1764	15.8%
Dismissed – Certificate of Non Liability	3,132	3.8%	441	3.8%
Dismiss – Includes Traffic School Diversion	10,372	12.7%	1781	15.7%
Pending	1,081 (as of 2018 report)	1.3%	2100	18.5%
Other	127	.02%	0	0%
TOTAL	81,618	100.0%	11,320	100%

*There are a high number of pending citations compared to historical numbers. Many of these are due to the slower processing and hearing schedule from the COVID-19 pandemic.

VI. <u>Intersection Speed Enforcement</u>

In 2017, the legislature passed HB 2409 which allowed photo red light cameras to issue speeding tickets for vehicles travelling through the intersection at 11 MPH or greater over the posted speed limit. During 2018, Beaverton conducted a Request for Proposal process and selected a new vendor company for photo red light and speed enforcement. In July 2018, we transitioned to the new vendor.

From September 15th, 2018 through October 15th 2018 (31 days), we conducted a warning period where violators were issued warnings at three intersections. A total of 3,593 warnings were issued.

On October 16th 2018, Beaverton began enforcing speed at SW Walker Rd and SW Cedar Hills Blvd.

On November 15th 2018, Beaverton began enforcing speed at SW Allen Blvd and SW Lombard Ave.

Beaverton Intersection Speed Citations Issued for 2018

Hours of	Citations	Average over
Enforcement	Issued	Posted speed
5,952	1653	12.3 MPH

Based on the numbers and initial data through the first two years of the program, it appears people are violating the intersection speed at almost four times the frequency of red light violations and the average speed over the posted limit is similar to the measured average violation speed measured in our photo radar program.

Outcome of Citation	Number 2019-2020	Percent of Total
Convicted	21,180	51.4%
Dismissed – Certificate of Innocence	5,933	14.4%
Dismissed – Certificate of Non Liability	1389	3.3%
Dismiss – Includes Traffic School Diversion	5,172	12.5%
Pending	7,510	18.2%
Other	2	.0%
TOTAL	41,186	100.0%

^{*}There are a high number of pending citations compared to historical numbers. Many of these are due to the slower processing and hearing schedule from the COVID-19 pandemic.